CHRONOLOGY

700	Foundation of Tula (Mexico).
711	Muslim conquest of the Iberian peninsula.
718	Beginning with Covadonga, the Reconquest (718-1492).
900	Quetzalcóatl, wise Toltec priest.
1398	Tlacaélel is born in Mexico-Tenochtitlan.
1415	Conquest of Ceuta in north Africa.
1441	First African slaves sold by Portugal; caravel invented.
1460	Henry the Navigator, Portuguese prince, dies.
1485	Consecration of the greater temple in Mexico devoted to Huitzilopochtli.
1487	Slaughter of Muslims in Málaga. Díaz rounds the Cape of Good Hope and reaches the Islamic sea. 1489 Henry Martellus constructs in Rome the map of the fourth Asiatic peninsula.
1492	January: The Catholic kings defeat Sultan Boabdil and occupy Granada. Nebrija publishes a Spanish grammar.

THE INVENTION OF THE ASIATIC BEING OF THE ISLANDS OF THE OCEANIC SEA

October 12: Christopher Columbus arrives on some islands in the west of the Oceanic sea. The Atlantic 1492

(sea of the North) is born.

1493	Second voyage of Columbus.
1497	Third voyage of Columbus and exploration of the
	Orinoco, River of Paradise.
1502	Fourth voyage of Columbus.
1506	Columbus dies without discovering America.

THE DISCOVERY OF THE NEW WORLD

1502	Amerigo Vespucci returns from his voyage to the
	southern antipode and writes Mundus Novus (1503-1504).
1504	First African slaves arrive in Santo Domingo.
1507	The <i>Cosmographiae Introductio</i> published.
1511	Prophetic criticism of Antón de Montesinos in
	Hispañola; first cry of criticism against modernity's violence.
1513	Vasco Nuñez de Balboa discovers the sea of the south
	(the Pacific Ocean).
1520	Sebastián Elcano sails around the world, as the single
	survivor of the expedition of Magellan, and thus
	terminates the era of discoveries.

THE CONQUEST OF THE URBAN CULTURES FROM THE PAROUSIA OF THE GODS TO THE INVASION

1519	Hernán Cortés begins the Conquest of Mexico- Tenochtitlan.
1520	May 22: Slaughter of the Aztec warriors by Alvarado. June 24: Cortés vanquishes Pánfilo Narváez.
1521	June 30: The Sad Night (noche triste). Defeat of the Comuneros, the nascent Spanish bourgeoisie, in Villalar, Spain. On August 13, Cortés occupies the last neighborhood in the environs of Mexico-Tenochtitlan.
1525	Cortés assassinates Cuahutemoc.
1545	The silver mine of Potosí (Peru) is discovered.
1546	The silver mine of Zacatecas (Mexico) is discovered.
1553	Battle of Fort Tucapel in Chile; the Mapuche Lautaro stops the Spanish in the south and puts an end to the conquest of urban cultures.

THE SPIRITUAL CONQUEST FROM THE END OF THE WORLD TO THE SIXTH SUN

1524	The "Twelve Apostles" arrive, Franciscans, in Mexico; Mendieta's Golden Age: 1524-1564.	
1536	Bartolomé de las Casas writes <i>De único Modo</i> in Guatemala.	
1550	The philosophical-theological dispute over modernity between Ginés de Sepúlveda and Bartolomé de las Casas begins in Valladolid.	
1552	Bartolomé de las Casas writes <i>La destrucción de las Indias</i> .	
1568	Philip II convokes the Great Meeting (Junta Magna).	
THE ORIGINARY CONSTITUTION OF THE MODERN ONTOLOGY ENDS		
1580	Montaigne begins his <i>Essais</i> (especially "Des Cannibales.")	
1636	Descartes expresses the <i>ego cogito</i> in the <i>Discourse on Method</i> .	